

## **ABSTRAK**

### **An Analysis of Word Formation in Short Message Service (SMS) Sent by the Students at SMAN 2 Painan.**

*Oleh: Dian Sukma, (Bhs.Inggris PPs UNP-2010)*

Penelitian ini berkenan dengan analisa tipe-tipe beserta proses dari formasi kata didalam pesan singkat (SMS) yang dikirim oleh para remaja melalui telepon genggam mereka. Populasi dari penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas tiga SMAN 2 Painan yang terdiri dari empat kelas sebanyak 150 orang siswa. Yang menjadi sampel penelitian ini digunakan random sampling (sampel acak) 20 siswa. Data yang diteliti didapat dari pesan singkat termasuk pesan masuk dan pesan keluar yang disalin ulang oleh siswa kedalam kertas

Dengan menggunakan teori Aronoff (1975) menjelaskan word formation dan metode analisa data oleh Stageberg and Oak (2000) dan Zaim (1999), ditemukan frekuensi yang paling banyak muncul adalah tipe clipping (75.29%) khususnya pada penghilangan seluruh huruf vocal, yang kedua multiple process (17.06%), ketiga, acronym (7.65%). Penelitian ini sangat bermanfaat untuk memahami lebih dalam tentang gaya bahasa dalam pesan singkat SMS dan juga memperkaya bahasa.

## **ABSTRACT**

### **An Analysis of Word Formation in Short Message Service (SMS) Sent by the Students at SMAN 2 Painan.**

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This research dealt with analysis the types and the processes of word formation in short message service (SMS) sent by the teenagers of Painan which consist of clipping, acronym, and multiple processes sent by the teenagers through their mobile phone. The population of this research was third year students of SMA N Painan which consists of four classes comprising of about 150 students. The sample was taken by stratified random sampling. There were 20 subjects taken of the data of this research. The data were gathered through students SMS texts from their mobile phone in which the students were asked to write their messages including inbox and outbox in a piece of paper.

By using theories proposed by Aronoff (1975) describing word formation and analysis method by Stageberg and Oak (2000) and Zaim (1999), it was found that the most frequent word formation occurred were clipping (75.29%) especially in omitting all the vowels, and multiple process (17.06%), and acronym (7.65%). The result of this research indicates that using word formation in SMS texts is useful for understanding language style in short message (SMS) texts and also enrich the language style itself.